SEPTEMBER, 1785. THE NUMB. 2886.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1785.

Just arrived in the ship Harmony, Captain Willett, from London, and to be SOLD on reasonable terms, by

TOWERS and *EVANS*,

Next to the Presbyterian Meeting House, in Market-street; a fresh Assortment of

Drugs, Medicines and Painters Colours,

Among which are the following Articles, viz.

OPIUM, Camphor, Rhubarb, Jallep, Ipecacuanna, Tartar Emetic, Red Tartar, Spermaceti, Liquorice, &c. A small quantity of genuine Red Bark, and a variety of *Patent Medicines.*

ALSO

White Lead, dry and ground in oil,	Spanish Brown,
Red Lead,	Annatto,
Black Lead,	Carmine,
Blue Black,	Drop Lake,
Ivory Black,	Hake White,
Frankfort Black,	Indian Ink,
Lampblack,	Litharge,
Yellow Oker,	Prussian Blue,
Kings Yellow,	Spanish Whiting,
Naples Yellow,	Turkey Umber,
Dutch Pink,	Vermillion,
Rose Pink,	Verditer,
Brown Pink,	Verdigrease,
	White Vitriol, &c. &c.

Painters Brushes, Sash Tools, Camels Hair Pencils, Pallet Knives, &c. Window Glass from 20 by 16 to 8 by 6: Cut to any form. §

ISAAC PAXSON & Co.

At their store in Third-street, between Chesnut and Walnut-streets, sell wholesale and retail,

MILL, cross-cut, hand, tennant, sash, wood, dovetail and key-hole saws, smiths vizes, brass and bell metal kettles, scythes and sickles, spades and shovels, shovels and tongs, and brass receivers, chain traces, pots, bake-ovens, skillets, kettles and bake-irons, patent iron and copper tea kettles, cart, waggon and chaise boxes, sash pullies, lines and weights, brass and iron rim, stock, chest, cupboard, till, pad and gun-locks, H, HL chest, table and patent hinges, brass-nob and thumb-latches, round and flat bolts, braces and bitts compleat, brass and iron candlesticks, carpenters, joiners and other tradesmens tools, Turkey oil-stones and rubbers, sadlery and cutlery in general, brass handles, escutcheons and hinges, buckles, buttons and sleeve links, nails, sprigs and wood screws, bellowses, shaving boxes and brushes, grid-irons and scale beams, curry combs and brushes, pewter, ivory and horn combs, snuff and tobacco boxes, English and country made glue, window glass, painters oil and colours, lamp and tanners oil, spirits of turpentine, copperas, &c. &c. ‡

TO BE LETT,

The upper part of a House,

with the use of the Kitchen, in a pleasant part of the city. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

Cæcil county, Maryland, Sept. 10, 1785.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living at the Head of Bohemia, in Cæcil county aforesaid, on the 15th of April last, a yellow complected Negroe man, named CHARLES, about 5 feet 4 inches high, a light made fellow, small legs and thighs, a flat nose, chews tobacco, has an effeminate voice, plays on the banjoe, very pert and assuming, and is fond of liquor.---His first elopement was three years ago the first of April last, and he was gone 2 years 10 months and 21 days, in which time he married two wives, about 12 miles below Dover, in Kent county, on Delaware, near to Joneycake landing, by one of which he had three children, and changed his name to Sam Tawneymore, or Sam. I gave a reward of Fifty Dollars for taking him up, and he was brought home----he then only staid two months until he ran away the second time, notwithstanding I had pardoned his fault, and neither gave him word or blow.

I do apprehend he will reside chiefly below Dover with his *plurality of wives* (notwithstanding it is against the laws of Moses and the United States) and probably he will spend some of his time in the Jerseys, and pass as a hand on board of some shallop up to Philadelphia, and assert he is a free man, as he has done before.

Now these are humbly to request all people, of all nations, kindreds, tongues, and languages, especially all masters and skippers of vessels, of all colours and sizes, to apprehend him the said Charles, alias Sam Tawneymore, or by whatever name he may attempt to pass, and put him in a secure goal, so as I shall get him again, or bring him home to me, and I'll pay the above reward and reasonable charges, as sure as my name is

† 6 w. RICHARD ELLIS.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Lower Merion township, Montgomery county, on the 26th day of August, a brindle COW, with some white in her forehead, and under her belly, branded on the horns, and has a Calf by her side. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take them away. † JOHN TAYLOR.

East Bradford, Chester county, Sept. 11, 1785.

WHEREAS a certain JOSEPH M'CARTY, of West Bradford, hath obtained a note from me the subscriber, for the sum of Six Pounds Fifteen Shillings, dated the 16th day of August last past, for which he was to give me a case of drawers, which is not complied with, nor have I received any consideration for the same; I do hereby forewarn all persons from taking an assignment on said note, as I am determined not to pay the same until compelled by a due course of law.

§ HANNAH KANE.

Newtown, Bucks county, Sept. 15, 1785.

WERE committed to the goal of this county, two persons, viz. a certain Michael Higgins, who alledges he is a deserter from the British army in Canada; he is about 5 feet 8 inches high, of a dark swarthy complexion and well set. Any person who may have a claim to him, upon the payment of fees, may have him in two weeks from the date hereof; no claim being previously made, he will be discharged. Also a certain James M'Mullan, who confesses he is a servant to Edward Vernon, Esq; of Chester, who is desired to send for him in three weeks from the date hereof, otherwise he will be sold for the payment of his fees. † PATRICK HUNTER, Goaler.

Montgomery County, Sept. 12, 1785.

TO THE PUBLIC,

ALL those who are in arrears for Excise are requested immediately to discharge the same. Such as neglect this notice after the first of October, will be proceeded against according to law, without further notice. All distillers it is expected will make entry with the Collector of Excise of their stills and number of gallons they contain without delay.

§ JACOB AULD, Collector.

THE Gentlemen who compose the Chester County Troop of Militia Light-Horse, are hereby requested to meet at the house of John Scott, at the United States, East Whiteland township, Chester county on SATURDAY, the 8th of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, properly equipt, and with their arms and accoutrements in good order. And all persons enrolled therein, who have neglected to furnish themselves with the necessary equipments required by law, are hereby notified, that their places shall be deemed vacant, and given to such as may then apply and engage to provide themselves as aforesaid. SAMUEL VANLEER, Captain.

September 16, 1785. ‡

THE Militia of Montgomery County, are hereby notified, that they are to meet and exercise under their respective Officers, on the following days as appointed by law, viz.

In Companies, on the 3d and 10th of October,

In Battalion in the following order,

Lieut. Col. Croll's, ditto on Monday the 17th of October,
------ Col. Richards's ditto on Tuesday the 18th ditto,
------ Col. Curry's ditto on Thursday the 20th ditto,
------ Col. Smith's ditto on Friday the 21st ditto.

The Companies of Upper and Lower Merion, will meet in Battalion on Wednesday the 19th of October, under Col. Jones, as usual.

The Troop of Horse will meet Lieut. Col. Peter Richards's Battalion on Tuesday the 18th of October, and rendezvous at the House of George Brooke, at the Trap, precisely at 9 o'clock, A. M. ABEL MORGAN, Lieutenant.

Montgomery County, Sept. 12, 1785. ¶

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On TUESDAY, the 25th of October next, on the Premises, the whole of the subscriber's estate in Chester county,

CONSISTING of a FORGE, well constructed and in good order, situate in the township of West-Nantmill, on a large branch of the Brandywine, with high advantage of fall and seat: Is distant from Warwick furnace 6 miles. A sufficient quantity of coal in stock to last until June, with every other necessary stock provided, and the whole in a proper train of business. This forge is more advantageously situated for getting wood convenient and at a cheaper rate, than any other works in the lower parts of this state. With the forge will be sold a Plantation, containing 264 acres, 100 are cleared and under good fence, 15 acres of choice meadow already made, and as much more may be made, the remainder well timbered. This place is furnished with the necessary buildings for a family and for workmen, with out-houses, all in good repair.

A GRIST-MILL, one mile higher up the stream, in good repair, with two pair of stones, one pair excellent new burs, the other round-tops, very good for common flour, with boulting-cloths and chest in the best order. The conveniency of roads makes it easy to procure wheat from any part of the country on best terms. This mill is well situated for country custom.

And on the same dam is a well built SAW-MILL, capable of doing a great deal of business.

A valuable PLANTATION, containing 170 acres, with a quantity of meadow, and good improvements, will be sold with the mills.

Likewise a PLANTATION, containing upwards of 170 acres, a considerble part of which is cleared and under good fence, with a large proportion of good meadow, joining the above mills and farm.

And a PLANTATION, containing upwards of 240 acres of good land, beautifully situated, two miles from the forge, and about the same distance from the mills. The necessary buildings in tolerable repair, with a good orchard, and a great quantity of meadow.

Several old and young negroes, some household furniture, horses, waggons, black cattle, sheep, swine, and sundry farming utensils, likewise a considerable quantity of well made hay.

Indisputable titles and possession will be immediately given.

The subscriber will just observe, that any person inclining to purchase such property cannot expect to find it on easier terms, for the advanced age, and different pursuits of his children, and a desire of improving lands up the Susquehanna, will oblige him to accept of the best offer he may have, though infinitely under the real value, and no money will be required for six months after sale, and easy annual payments.

Many advantages will be made known to persons who may come to view this property. If not sold, the mill and forge will be rented separately for one or more years.

Also, will be SOLD at private sale, a tract of 608 acres of excellent limestone LAND, situate in White-Deer-Creek township, one mile from the west branch of Susquehanna, and 14 from Sunbury; it has been laid out in two tracts, and has considerable improvements on each. Persons intending to purchase, will be shewn the land, by applying to Colonel Matthew Smith, three miles from it. For the terms, apply to

Sept. 17, 1785. JAMES MOORE.

WHEREAS Mary, the wife of the subscriber, hath left him, and taken all his bedding and houshold goods with her, also two bonds for 100l. each, continental money, which at the date of the bonds, by the scale of depreciation, then passed at the rate of 3 for 1. He therefore takes this method of warning all persons against purchasing any of his effects from her, or of trusting her on his account, as he will pay no debts of her contracting after this date. Witness his hand, the 16th day of the Ninth Month (September) 1785. ROBERT THOMAS.

N. B. Strayed or stolen on the 2d instant from the Northern Liberties, a brown mare, 14 hands high, has a small star in her forehead, a scar under her left eye, is a natural pacer, shod all round, and has neither brand or mark. Whoever will deliver said mare to Jacob Shullar, in New-street, Philadelphia, or the subscriber, in the Northern Liberties, shall have Two Dollars reward, paid by † ROBERT THOMAS.

RICHARD NORTH,

STONE-CUTTER, from LONDON,

Begs leave to acquaint the PUBLIC,

THAT he has opened a shop on the *north side* of Market-street, between Seventh and Eighth-streets; where he proposes to carry on the business of a Stone-cutter in all its various branches. Monuments, Tombs, Head-stones, Chimney-pieces, Steps and Platforms, may be had on the shortest notice.

N. B. An elegant Chimney-piece for sale. ¶

Philadelphia, Sept. 12, 1785.

BY Virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the premises, in Oxford township, Philadelphia county, on Thursday, the 22d inst. at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, Two tracts or pieces of land, both situate on the north-westerly side of the Bristol road, where it is intersected by the Oxford road.

No. I. Containing about 10 acres, lies on the southwesterly side of said Oxford road, bounded by the same, also by the Bristol road, and by lands of John Harper and Robert Adams, whereon are erected a two story stone messuage and kitchen, frame stables, sheds and other valuable improvements, now occupied as a public house of entertainment, known by the sign of the Seven Stars.

No. II. Containing about 12 acres, lies on the north-easterly side of said Oxford road, bounded by the same, by said Bristol road, and by lands of John Aitkens, Joseph Harper and Robert Harper. The situation is healthy and pleasant for a gentleman's country seat, or public business, being about six miles from the city of Philadelphia; taken in execution as the property of Leonard Kreamer, by THOMAS PROCTER Sheriff.

Philadelphia, September 12 1785.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public SALE, at the Coffee-House, in the city of Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 6 o'clock in the evening, a certain two-story frame messuage and LOT of LAND, marked in the general plan No. 1255, situate on the north side of Chesnut-street, between South and Eighth-streets from the river Schuylkill, in the city of Philadelphia; containing in breadth, east and west, 66 feet, and in length or depth 178 feet, bounded westward by lot No. 1254, northward by vacant ground, eastward by lot No. 1256, at the distance of 66 feet from the west side of Eighth-street aforesaid, and southward by Chesnut-street aforesaid-----Taken in execution as the property of William Jackson, (of Race-street, Brushmaker) by THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, September 12, 1785.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public SALE, at the Old Coffee-House, in the city of Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of September instant, at 6 o'clock in the evening, a LOT of LAND, situate on the South side of Market street, in the city of Philadelphia; containing in front, on Market-street aforesaid, 99 feet, and in length or depth 306 feet, bounded by ground of Thomas Procter, Esq; and Col. Eleazer Oswald. On said lot is a two story frame messuage, kitchen, and other out-houses and valuable improvements, has for many years been occupied as a public house of entertainment, known by the name of the Center House, the situation is very pleasant and healthy. Taken in execution as the property of Henry Martin, by THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

TO BE LETT,

To the highest bidder,

SO much of a Tract of MEADOW (now in tenure of William Hunter) containing 63 acres, part of the estate of Charles Brogden, deceased, as will pay the arrearages of the bank taxes, and one other piece of meadow of about 3 acres, in tenure of William Christie, to be lett for the above cause. For further particulars, apply at the house of John Raser, in Third-street, at the Bunch of Grapes tavern, the 5th day of next month, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Managers,

THOMAS ATTMORE,
Sept. 8, 1785. HEZEKIAH WILLIAMS,
¶ JOHN RASER.

Just arrived, and for SALE at the STORES of

Willing, Morris and *Swanwick,*

IN PENN-STREET,

MARBLE chimney pieces and slabs; polished marble flags for paving; an elegant assortment of Italian and India silks and silk handkerchiefs; currants in barrels; castile soap in boxes; madeira 3 and 4 years old; claret in boxes of 3 and 4 dozen bottles each; a variety of Italian wines; Jamaica spirits; windward island rum; brandy in pipes.

And a large assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable to the approaching season.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of CALEB SHEWARD, deceased, late of the borough of Wilmington, brewer, are requested to call and discharge the same: And those who have any demands against the said estate, are desired to produce their accounts legally attested, in order that they may be adjusted and settled by the subscribers; who have for sale a four wheel Chaise entirely new. HANNAH SHEWARD, Administratrix,

Wilmington, JAMES GIBBONS. } Administrat.
Sept. 12, 1785. THOMAS MARRIOTT, }

N. B. As the brewing business is intended to be carried on as usual, a continuation of favours from former customers and others will be gratefully acknowledged. §

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away last night, from the subscriber, living in Ridley township, about two miles from Chester, two Dutch servants, viz. FREDERICK KNODLE and his wife MARIA; he is about 5 feet 5 inches high, has a large mouth, short hair, and a sharp eye; he talks much about Amsterdam, and is near 30 years of age, but has a young look, speaks good English. It is likely he will hire as a hand in a mill, having been used to that work since he has been in the country. MARIA says she is 32 years of age, but has an older look, and talks not as good English as her husband. Their clothes are uncertain, as they have different changes. Whoever secures the above servants, so that their master may have them again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by RICHARD FLOWER, at Crum Creek Mill, or JOHN WALL, in Philadelphia. † September 10, 1785.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 21.

On Wednesday laſt arrived, in the ſhip London Packet, Captain Truxtun, *His Excellency* Doctor FRANKLIN, late Miniſter Plenipotentiary from the United States of America, to the Court of France, after an abſence of near nine years.

The important ſcenes in which this gentleman has been a principal agent---the ſteady and painful ſervices he hath rendered his country for a long ſeries of years, and the honors he hath conferred on America as a politician and philoſopher, furniſh a ſtriking example how much a people may be benefited by an individual, and how greatly a ſingle citizen may dignify a nation. The exalted names of WASHINGTON and FRANKLIN will be the boaſt of Americans in centuries yet to come.

The Doctor was received at the wharff by a number of citizens, who attended him to his houſe with acclamations of joy. A diſcharge of cannon announced his arrival, and the bells rang a joyful peel to his welcome.

With the Doctor came his grandſons, Mr. Temple Franklin, and Maſter Benjamin Bache.

On Thurſday the Hon. the General Aſſembly, by a Committee, conſiſting of the Speaker and a Member from each County, preſented the following ADDRESS, which was read by the Speaker.

To the Honorable BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, *Eſquire*, L. L. D. &c.

THE repreſentatives of the freemen of the commonwealth of Pennſylvania, in General Aſſembly met, in the moſt affectionate manner, congratulate you on your ſafe arrival in your native country, after ſo long an abſence on the moſt important buſineſs.---We likewiſe congratulate you on the firm eſtabliſhment of the independence of America, and the ſettlement of a general peace, after the intereſting ſtruggle in which we were ſo long engaged.

We are confident, ſir, that we ſpeak the ſentiments of this whole country, when we ſay, that your ſervices in the public councils and negociations have not only merited the thanks of the preſent generation, but will be recorded in hiſtory, to your immortal honor. —— And it is particularly pleaſing to us, that, while we are ſitting as members of the aſſembly of Pennſylvania---we have the happineſs of welcoming into the ſtate, a perſon who was ſo greatly inſtrumental in forming its free and excellent conſtitution.

May it pleaſe God to give you ſerene and peaceful enjoyment of the evening of life, and a participation of that happineſs you have been ſo inſtrumental in ſecuring to others.

Signed by order of the houſe,
JOHN BAYARD, Speaker.

To which the following anſwer was received:

Mr Speaker and Gentlemen,

I AM exteremely happy to find by your friendly and affectionate addreſs, that my endeavours to ſerve our country in the late important ſtruggle have met with the approbation of ſo reſpectable a body as the Repreſentatives of the freemen of Pennſylvania. I eſteem that approbation as one of the greateſt honors of my life. I hope the peace with which God has been graciouſly pleaſed to bleſs us may be laſting, and that the free conſtitution we now enjoy, may long contribute to promote our common felicity. The kind wiſhes of the general aſſembly for my particular happineſs affect me very ſenſibly, and I beg they would accept my thankful acknowledgments.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN.

On Friday, the 16th inſtant, the *Faculty* of the *Univerſity* of *Pennſylvania*, preſented the following Addreſs to the honourable BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Eſquire, L. L. D. &c.

Honored Sir,

THE Provoſt, Vice-Provoſt and Profeſſors of the Univerſity of Pennſylvania beg leave to congratulate you on your ſafe arrival in your native country, after having accompliſhed the duties of your exalted character, with dignity and ſucceſs.

While we participate in the general happineſs of America, to the eſtabliſhment of which your political abilities and patriotic exertions have ſo ſignally contributed; we feel a peculiar pleaſure in paying our acknowledgments to the gentleman, who firſt projected the liberal plan of the inſtitution, over which we have the honor to preſide.

Not contented with enriching the world with the moſt important diſcoveries in Natural Philoſophy, your benevolence and liberality of ſentiment early engaged you to make proviſion for exciting a ſpirit of enquiry into the ſecret operations of Nature; for exalting and refining the genius of America, by the propagation of uſeful learning, and for qualifying many of her ſons to make that illuſtrious figure, which has commanded the eſteem and admiration of the moſt poliſhed nations of Europe.

Among the many benevolent projections, which have laid ſo ample a foundation for the eſteem and gratitude of your native country, permit this ſeminary to reckon her firſt eſtabliſhment, upon the ſolid principles of Equal Liberty, as one of the moſt conſiderable and important: And now when reſtored, thro' the influence of our happy Conſtitution, to her original broad and catholic bottom, when enriched by the protection and generous donations of a public ſpirited and patriotic Aſſembly, and when flouriſhing under the countenance of the beſt friends of Religion, Learning and Liberty in the State, ſhe cannot but promiſe herſelf the continued patronage of the evening of that life, which Divine Providence has ſo eminently diſtinguiſhed.

May the ſame indulgent Providence yet continue your protracted life, enriched and crowned with the beſt of bleſſings, to nurſe and cheriſh this favourite child of your youth, that the future ſons of ſcience in this weſtern world, may have additional reaſons to remember the name of *Franklin* with gratitude and pleaſure.

Signed in the name of the Faculty by
JOHN EWING,
Provoſt of the Univerſity.

To which *Addreſs* the DOCTOR returned the following Anſwer:

I AM greatly obliged, Gentlemen, by your kind congratulations on my ſafe arrival.

It gives me extreme pleaſure to find, that Seminaries of Learning are encouraged and encreaſing in America, and particularly that the Univerſity, over which you preſide, continues to flouriſh.—My beſt wiſhes will always attend it.

The Inſtruction of Youth is one of thoſe employments, which, to the Public, are moſt uſeful:—It ought therefore to be eſteemed among the moſt honourable. —— Its ſucceſsful Exerciſe does not, however, always meet with the reward it merits, except in the Satisfaction of having contributed to the forming of virtuous and able Men, for the ſervice of their country.

Saturday laſt the following ADDRESS was preſented by a Committee of fifteen Members of the Conſtitutional Society, to the Hon. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Eſq; L. L. D.

To the Hon. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Eſq; L. L. D.

SIR,

THE Members of the Conſtitutional Society of the City and Liberties of Philadelphia, beg leave to congratulate you on your return to your native country, after having finiſhed, with ſo much glory to yourſelf and advantage to the people of America, the important taſk aſſigned you of repreſenting the United States at the Court of France, and conducting the great variety of our foreign concerns throughout Europe. In the courſe of a long and bloody war, we have been deeply indebted to your wiſdom and vigilance for the frequent ſupport we have received from the friendly powers in Europe, and eſpecially from our great and good allies; your aid in bringing that war to a happy concluſion, by the late honorable peace, has alſo entitled you to the gratitude of every American; and we doubt not thoſe important ſervices will be remembered and acknowledged as long as time ſhall endure.---You muſt not think yourſelf flattered when we add, that your perſonal character as a philoſopher and a citizen has given weight to your negociations, and enhanced the reputation of your country throughout the world.

It would be endleſs to enumerate the great variety of inſtances in which you have benefited the ſtate of Pennſylvania in particular, in former times and of late;---before the late glorious revolution and ſince. We cannot, however, omit to expreſs the high veneration with which we view you as the father of our free and excellent conſtitution. In this great work, we perſuade ourſelves, that you, in conjunction with the other patriots of the convention, over which you preſided, have erected a ſtrong hold to the ſacred cauſe of liberty, which will long continue, as it has hitherto done, to reſiſt the aſſaults of all its enemies; and if any thing of human contrivance could attain to immortality, we would fondly flatter ourſelves that it might remain for ever.

Accept our thanks for the multiplied benefits which you have rendered to this country in general; to this ſtate in particular; to the friends of liberty throughout the world; to the cauſe of ſcience and the happineſs of human nature. We again congratulate you on the ſucceſs of your arduous undertakings; that your advanced years are crowned with that glory which ariſes from the luſtre of a long courſe of honorable and ſucceſsful purſuits, and that we ſee you once more among us, an example of virtue, an honor to your country. May you long enjoy the peaceful reflections of a life well ſpent; may you long contribute, as you have done, to the good of your country and of mankind, and we long continue to profit by your ſalutary counſels and public ſervices.

By order of the Conſtitutional Society,
WILLIAM ADCOCK, Chairman.

Philadelphia, September 17, 1785.

To which the DOCTOR was pleaſed to return the following

ANSWER.

Gentlemen,

YOUR friendly congratulations on my ſafe return to our country are extremely obliging.

In the ſervices you are pleaſed ſo kindly to remember, I had great and able aſſiſtance from others.---My principal merit, if I may claim any, in public affairs, is that of having been always ready and willing to receive and follow good advice.

I think myſelf happy in returning to live under the free conſtitution of this commonwealth, and hope with you, that we and our poſterity may long enjoy it.

Accept my thanks for your good wiſhes reſpecting my perſonal happineſs, which will always be augmented by the proſperity of Pennſylvania.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN.

Monday laſt, the General and Staff Officers of the Militia of this Commonwealth, who are now reſident in the City, and the Militia Officers of the City and Diſtricts of Philadelphia, waited on the Honorable BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Eſquire, L. L. D. with the following Addreſs, which was preſented by General Irvine.

To the Hon. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, *Eſq; L. L. D.*

SIR,

IT is with the higheſt ſatisfaction that the officers of militia of the city of Philadelphia, and diſtricts annexed, avail themſelves of the opportunity to congratulate you on your ſafe arrival in your native land, and of teſtifying their ſincere joy on the auſpicious occaſion. In common with all their fellow-citizens, they venerate the character of the man, who, endued by nature with a ſcientific mind, and animated with an amiable philanthropy and a ſublime zeal for his country's welfare, has been diſtinguiſhed as a philoſopher and a patriot.

The officers of the militia entertain the moſt grateful ſenſe of the numerous and important ſervices which you have rendered to your country, for a long ſeries of years; and they conſider your return as an additional teſtimony of your attachment to its intereſts. As Americans, they conceive themſelves participating in the honor which is conferred on their republic, by its venerable friend and advocate returning, after he has attained to a great length of days, in an honorable and well-ſpent life, to the opened arms of his countrymen, now in the enjoyment of peace, liberty and independence.

The Militia officers moſt cordially thank you, ſir, for all your paſt ſervices to your country---ſervices which were ſo inſtrumental in effecting its deliverance from bondage;----but they cannot debar themſelves of the pleaſure of hoping, that you will ſtill permit them to look up to you for counſel:---They intreat a continuance of your good offices, and that the valuable talents you poſſeſs, may be exerted for the benefit of that government, which was framed under your immediate auſpices.

Permit the officers of the militia to expreſs an anxious concern for your welfare; with a fervent wiſh, that America, and particularly Pennſylvania, may long be benefited by your exalted abilities.

At the requeſt of the Officers,
JAMES IRVINE, M. G.

To which the DOCTOR was pleaſed to return the following

ANSWER.

Gentlemen,

I ESTEEM myſelf highly honored by the congratulations of the officers of a militia, which ſo greatly diſtinguiſhed itſelf by its zeal and bravery, in the ſervice of our country, during the late arduous conteſt.

Your concern for my welfare is extremely obliging. As long as I may have any ability left, of being uſeful to the country its valiant ſons have ſo well defended, it will always be my endeavour to promote the common felicity of America.

ADDRESS *of the* JUSTICES *of the City and County of* PHILADELPHIA,

To the Hon. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, *Eſq; L. L. D.*

THE Juſtices of the city and county of Philadelphia, impreſſed with the moſt lively ſenſe of your great and extraordinary ſervices to the United States, and this ſtate in particular, approach you with the higheſt veneration and reſpect. We are happy, Sir, in having it in our power, ſincerely to congratulate you upon your return to a city, whoſe inhabitants, with pleaſure, recognize the numberleſs inſtances of your wiſdom, patriotiſm and benevolence. Our cordial aſpirations are, that it may pleaſe God to diſpenſe to you every felicity during the remainder of your days, and to make them ſubſervient to the purpoſes of this, and the other ſtates in the union.

In behalf of the Juſtices,
Sept. 17, 1785. PLUNKET FLEESON, Preſident.

To which the DOCTOR was pleaſed to return the following

ANSWER:

Gentlemen,

I AM very ſenſible of the honor done me by your kind congratulations on my ſafe return to our country.

To find it in the full enjoyment of peace and liberty, makes me eſteem the day of my arrival among the happieſt of my life.

That its preſent felicity in good laws, faithfully executed by a virtuous magiſtracy, may be long continued, is one of my moſt fervent prayers.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN.

A Committee from a reſpectable Meeting of Citizens at *Byrn's Tavern*, having waited on Doctor *FRANKLIN*, to propoſe to him a *Seat* in the *Executive Council* at the enſuing Election; it is with the greateſt ſatisfaction, the Committee announce to the Public his acceſſion to their Propoſal, to which they do not apprehend there will be a diſſenting voice in the city.

The committee of the conſtitutional ſociety, who on Saturday laſt preſented an addreſs to Dr. FRANKLIN, having ſignified to him the unanimous wiſh of the public, that he ſhould become a member of the Supreme Executive Council, he gave permiſſion to have his name run as Counſellor for the city of Philadelphia, at the enſuing election.

Since our laſt arrived here, the United States, Indiaman, Capt. Bell: By Dr. Thomas Redman, of ſaid ſhip, we are informed, that they arrived at Barbadoes after a tedious paſſage of more than half a year from Pondicherry; moſt of their men being ill, they petitioned the Governor of that iſland to let them remain there a few days, but inſtead of granting their requeſt, he ordered the fort to fire on the ſhip, if Captain Bell did not proceed to ſea in 48 hours. At the ſame time all the Britiſh ſubjects were ordered under arms. Captain Bell not having men enough to weigh his anchor, was obliged in conſequence of this brutal command to ſhip more, and proceed.

It is as much in vain (ſays a correſpondent) to *force* money into circulation by the powers of government, as it is to *force* a religion upon the conſcience.---They muſt both depend upon their intrinſic merit, and the characters from which they are derived.---It is to no purpoſe to attempt to puſh the new emiſſion of money, while the preſent teſt law continues in being, or while the non-jurors remain among us. Either repeal that law, or baniſh the non-jurors. A few capital merchants or millers (and how many of thoſe are nonjurors) refuſing the paper money, are ſufficient to throw it out of circulation in ſpite of all the laws that can be made to enforce it.---Had the teſt law been repealed laſt week, inſtead of the law for incorporating the Bank, it would have removed the only *original* obſtacle to the circulation of our new money, and have given happineſs to thouſands.---It is remarkable that the *value* of the new money paſſes equal to gold and ſilver in certain payments, with common conſent. It wants nothing but a *credit*, or a univerſal confidence in the juſtice of government, to make its circulation as extenſive as gold and ſilver, and this it never can have, while one half the ſtate are *unjuſtly* deprived of their privileges as freemen, and of courſe are oppoſed to every act of the government.

It is a well known and an alarming fact, ſays a correſpondent, that more petitions have been preſented to the preſent Aſſembly for *a redreſs of grievances*, than have ever been preſented to any Aſſembly ſince the revolution.

To the Printers of the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

GENTLEMEN,

Pleaſe to give the following copy of a letter from the celebrated Dr. Price, of London, to a gentleman in this city, a place in your paper. It is unneceſſary to ſay any thing in favor of this great and good man. His invaluable writings during the late war, in favor of the liberties and independence of America, have juſtly rendered his name dear to every lover of liberty, and of republican forms of government.

DEAR SIR,

THE letter which I have juſt received from you, together with the Conſiderations addreſſed to the Legiſlature of Pennſylvania, have given me a good deal of pain. Before I received them, I knew nothing of the teſt-law in Pennſylvania, and I am truly ſorry ſuch a law is maintained there, contrary to every principle of juſtice and good policy. The reaſonings upon this ſubject in the pamphlet you have ſent me do the writer great honor, and appear to me ſcarcely capable of being refiſted by unprejudiced and diſintereſted men. That is a miſerable legiſlature, which relies much upon the uſe of teſts; for, in general, they bind only honeſt men. This teſt is expreſſed ſo ſtrongly, that real friends to the American cauſe, and particularly Quakers, might well ſcruple taking it when firſt propoſed. But to continue, *now*, the diſfranchiſement it occaſioned, and thus to deprive *two fifths* of the inhabitants of the rights of citizens, while any foreigner may entitle himſelf to theſe rights, is an act of oppreſſion, which I ſhould have hardly thought poſſible to take place in Pennſylvania. Indeed, ſir, ſince the publication of my obſervations upon the American revolution, I heard ſo much that I do not like, that I have been ſometimes afraid of having made myſelf ridiculous by what I have ſaid of the importance of this revolution. One of my correſpondents in America, who has been all along attached to the American cauſe, aſſures me, that nothing can be more Utopian than the expectations I have formed, and he informs me of facts, which, if true, have a conſiderable tendency to lower my hopes. I will, however, ſtill hope that the American revolution will prove an introduction to a better ſtate of human affairs, and that in time the United States will become thoſe ſeats of liberty, peace and virtue, which the enlightened and liberal part of Europe are ardently wiſhing to ſee them.

This letter will be conveyed to you by Dr. Franklin. He is leaving, for ever, this part of the world. May God grant him a proſperous voyage!

With great regard and every good wiſh, I am, dear ſir,
Your very obedient and humble ſervant,
RICHARD PRICE.

Newington Green, July 22, 1785.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

HAVING buſineſs ſome evenings ſince in a tavern in this city, I ſaw about a dozen perſons, moſt of whom I was told were Aſſemblymen, ſitting round a table in cloſe converſation. Their ſubject was the *Bank*. I found they were of one mind, in conſidering it as a public nuiſance. Every man made a ſeparate objection to it, ſome of which were ſo new and ingenious, and the concluſion of the converſation ſo remarkable, that, if you think it worthy of the public attention, I requeſt it may appear in your next paper. I am, &c.

SCENE---*A Tavern, ſundry Perſons ſitting round a Table, with Beer, Pipes, Tobacco, &c.*

1ſt. Huzza for the downfall of the Bank; we have knocked it in the head.

2d. You are quite right; the Bank was a many headed monſter.

3d. True, it had twelve heads: But if thoſe heads had all been on the right ſide, if they had been true blues, and had our George at their head----not Saint George--- nor Hanover George----but the *Tutelar Saint* of Vine-ſtreet, the Bank would not have done the country much harm.

1ſt. You are quite out, my friend; for, do you ſee, the Bank never did any thing but miſchief ſince it was a Bank. Mark me, while I tell you what miſchief the Bank does. In the firſt place, do you ſee, it prevents money from being borrowed on legal intereſt: In the ſecond place----

4th interrupting. In the ſecond place, it prevents the circulation of ſtate money.

5th. Aye, and if it was not for the Bank, do you think I ſhould have had to pay 50l. a year for the little ſwine ſhed I live in?

6th. True, or 4d. a pound for beef.

1ſt. Beſides which, how are we to pay off our bonds? All honeſt men ſhould ſupport their country, by cheating their creditors: Creditors are the bane of a young country: So here is confuſion to them all----a tender-law for ever!

7th. Gentlemen, many of you are not in trade, ſo I ſuppoſe it is by reaſon of that you have ſaid nothing about the worſt thing the Bank does. I am a dealer in huckſtery. Now, do you ſee, if I owe a man money, I give him my note for it: Well, ſuppoſe it is twenty or thirty, or even fifty pounds, why he carries it to the Bank, and when it is due I am obliged to pay it. There is not a greater hardſhip in trade than making punctual payments. I ſay it is the deſtruction of all trade. No man can thrive in a country, where a ſett of men ſhall make traders punctual in payments, and that is the reaſon, do you ſee, that I and the reſt petitioned againſt the Bank. If Mr. S------t had remembered his cue, he would have ſaid a little more about this matter.

3d. He did ſay ſomething about it.

7th. Something! Harkee, between ourſelves, I am pretty well informed that S------t would have made a much better ſpeech, but he was bribed by ſome hints of being made a director----but this is a ſecret.

1ſt. We will keep it ſo: But is it not a great hardſhip, that we ſhould pay ſo extravagantly for ſervants and labourers in the country? They never uſed to be ſo dear; and why? Becauſe we did not uſe to have a Bank.

6th. It certainly tends to eſtabliſh riſtocracy.

3d. Riſtocracy!----what is that?

6th. Why I mean,--riſtocracy is---fegs--I mean----

2d. Oh! he meant the Bank wanted to make our wives beaſts of burden, and ourſelves jackaſſes.

8th. Faith I think they do: For my part, I am ſure it is owing to them the roads are ſo bad.

9th. And the weather ſo dry.

10th. Aye, and that the weavil has got among our grain.

11th. Well, this is what this hydra has done in the country: But to return to town, or at leaſt to the ſuburbs. Gentlemen, I am a man of pleaſure, tho' a member of the Houſe, and I never thought it any harm, after the fatigues of buſineſs, to refreſh myſelf with a pretty girl. But the girls have grown ſo inſolent and exorbitant now a days, and pay ſo little reſpect to a Member, that there is no coming near them, and, for want of a better, I am obliged to put up with my own kitchen maid. Now, will any man tell me the Bank is not at the bottom of this?

12th. Why as to the matter of that, and indeed what you all have been ſaying, it may be true enough; but what ſignifies it to a man of ſpirit? one may put up with it: But there is one thing that no man can bear to think of----it draws tears into my eyes: If the Aſſembly had not ſtept forth, I was ready to take my own bayonet, and attack the Bank by myſelf, as the cauſe of it.

Here a general ſilence enſued, and he was preſſed to name what he meant.

Why, replies the ſullen hero, the high price of *ſlings* and *grog*, which the Bank is the cauſe of.

When the tumult of noiſe and laughter that enſued had ſubſided, one, who had hitherto been ſilent, addreſſed them as follows, Gentlemen, your obſervations have been ingenious and ſagacious, and ſome of them new; but as we are all met together in confidence, and I hope no lurking ſpy at hand, I will very briefly acquaint you upon what principles and foundation this bill for deſtroying the Bank was formed. Moſt of you remember how little reaſon we had to expect to get the upper hand before the election. We had many enemies, and, between ourſelves, we had done enough to deſerve them. The hand of Heaven turned the election in our favour. Now, when we were ſnugly ſeated in our windſor chairs in the State-Houſe, a queſtion aroſe among the ſelect part of us, how to continue ourſelves in power. One ſtep was, to turn a deaf ear to the re-admiſſion of the Non-jurors. It is true, we were puzzled to find any reaſons for enſlaving white people, when we had emancipated Negroes; but we made out a ſort of report, and entered it on our journals, to carry a face with it. I ſuppoſe you all ſaw it at the time.

1ſt. Oh yes, it was a d-----d good piece---it cut them up cleverly.

13th. It did ſo; great JUDICIAL powers were exerciſed in the draught of it. The next meaſure we agreed on was, to turn off ſtill more electors. What think you of the new election bill?

1ſt. Why we do not underſtand it.

13th. There now! that is its excellence. Nor will it be underſtood, till it has done the good we intend. The ſum of it is this. We have fixed diſtricts for elections in the centre of our friends, and ſo as to render it as inconvenient as poſſible for the republicans to attend.

3d. But they will go to other places.

13th. No; there we are prepared.---We order them, go to theſe places; you ſhall vote no where elſe; and tho' you are within a mile of an election ſtation, you ſhall travel thirty to another, or not vote at all.

All. Excellent! excellent! bravo! huzza!

13th. But I come to the Bank. Some of us have read political writings. Our great leader, who has been already mentioned to night, is a man of prodigious learning. He told us of battles (for we know very little about them ourſelves) where the weakeſt had gained the victory by ſome ſudden and unexpected blow, which ſtruck the enemy with terror. We adopted the hint, and agreed to ſtrike a blow that ſhould make the world ſtand aghaſt at our courage and abilities. We fixed our eyes on the Bank. It had done us no harm, but it was an inſtitution derived from the higheſt and moſt ſacred human authority on the continent, founded in the neceſſities of the war, and conducive to its glorious termination, guarantied by the faith and honor of our law, the depoſit of immenſe property, as well of our own citizens, as of thoſe of our ſiſter ſtates, and foreign nations friendly to our welfare. Gentlemen, its importance determined us to attack it. We agreed to ſhew at once, that we were ſuperior to all conſiderations of gratitude for the ſuccours received from it, of attention to the commercial intereſt of Pennſylvania, of juſtice to the United States and to our European allies, of deference to Congreſs, or reſpect for the common opinions of mankind. They are nothing to refined ſtateſmen. We commenced by ſuborning a petition againſt it, framed a plauſible bill, and after a ſham hearing of counſel, at which we ſat with our ears *well plugged*, we have, as far as in us lay, effected the demolition of this grand ſuperſtructure. Thus we have ſecured a long continuance of power, and after proving ſo fully that we deſpiſe our own laws, and can take away any man's property we pleaſe, we ſhall make all our enemies ſubmit to us, or tremble for their poſſeſſions---For what private deed can be better than the charter of the Bank, and who will hazard our reſentment, when the Bank has fallen before it.

*** The Pieces, ſigned *C*,----*A Friend to the Conſtitution*,--- and *Caleb Canibal*, are omitted this week, for want of room.

CARLISLE, *September* 14.

Extract of a Letter from one of the Surveyors in the Weſtern Country to his friend in Carliſle, dated Hickorytown 20th July, 1785.

"I was yeſterday viſited by Meſſrs. HALFTOWN and GIRTY, the two greateſt chiefs of the Six Nations, who delivered up to me John Steward, a priſoner boy, about 15 years of age. He was taken young, and can give no other account of his friends than that his father was killed when he was taken. The chiefs, who were attended by twenty of their countrymen, behaved very civilly, and treated us heartily with rum, jerked veniſon and bears oil.--- The day being ſpent in counciling and demonſtrations of friendſhip, the night came on. But ſuch a night! Such ſcenes of ebriety and ſavage mirth! you can conceive no likeneſs of it. After a ſumptuous ſupper of dumplins and boiled veniſon with bears oil, waſhed down frequently by application of the rum keg,---we aroſe to dance, and I, being Captain and great friend, muſt join in the company. I ſhall not attempt to deſcribe thoſe dances; only every one exerted every faculty, in honour of their king and the young princeſſes, who were mingled in the dance. Next morning the chiefs departed ſeemingly well pleaſed. I hope, ſir, this will make you eaſy as to the danger which report alarms you with. Theſe nations in general are inclined to peace, and what may be committed is generally in retaliation of ſome injuſtice done to them."

BOSTON, *Sept.* 12.

Extract of a letter from a Houſe in Barbados, Auguſt 11, 1785, *to a gentleman in Portſmouth.*

"We have been much diſtreſſed lately, and are ſtill, for want of corn, which has been up as high as two dollars per buſhel, and is now from 8/9. to 10/. There is a miſerable proſpect for the enſuing crop, having had no rain of any conſequence ſince you left us, ſo that the canes are almoſt dead, and in fact, little or nothing of any thing on the earth---the crop of corn is entirely loſt. Lumber is high, but muſt be higher very ſoon, if the report is true that no Britiſh veſſel will be admitted into your ports--- in ſhort, the iſlands will be involved in the utmoſt ruin and diſtreſs.

"The Captains of the men of war, and the Cuſtom-houſe officers, are all very ſtrict here, and indeed all over the Weſt-Indies. Several veſſels that were regiſtered, and abſolutely owned here, have been ſeized on account of their having been built on the continent, and not navigated according to law, ſo you may judge what a diſagreeable ſituation we are in at preſent."

NEW-YORK, *September* 16.

Captain Prince, who arrived in 24 days from Cayenne, informs us, that at his arrival at Cayenne, 1ſt of Auguſt laſt, he there found one Captain William Griffith, who had the misfortune of being overſet at ſea. The following are the particulars:

Captain Griffith, Maſter of the ſchooner Dart, ſailed from the coaſt of Africa the 1ſt of April, with 150 ſlaves, bound to the iſland of Barbados. But on the 19th of April, being then in lat. 11 S. long. 35. N. about 4 P. M. having all ſail ſet, they were overtaken with a ſudden white ſquall, which overſet the veſſel in an inſtant: Fortunately all the white people were on deck, except a paſſenger. The boat was waſhed overboard, which they got; and the Captain, Mate, and ten hands, with one ſlave, got into her; ſaved four monkies and about fourteen gallons of palm oil, but neither bread nor water. At 8 A. M. they left the wreck, with ſeven ſlaves on her ſide or bottom. The boat was but fourteen feet long, ſo that they had but juſt room to ſit in her, being thirteen in number. They had four oars and a tarpaulin; and went before the wind conſtantly, ſometimes half full of water. In nineteen days after they left the wreck, they had ſome rain, but before that they had not a drop of drink. In eleven days more they made the land, about Cape North, lat. 1. 40. N. but had loſt the Mate and five hands, with the ſlave, who were unable to ſupport under their complicated ſufferings. They went up a river expecting to find ſome inhabitants, but did not meet with any. Here they remained ſeven days, ſubſiſting on ſnakes, ſome of which were ſix feet long, fiſh, &c. They coaſted along, and in twenty-eight days more arrived in the river Wyapoake, which made ſixty-five days from their leaving the wreck, and the firſt place they met with inhabited. Here two more of theſe unhappy men died; ſo that the Captain and three hands only ſurvived. Theſe were well taken care of, being clothed, and every other neceſſary provided for them, which their miſerable condition required. From there they were ſent to Cayenne, and put in the hoſpital, where every attention was paid them.

Captain Prince had the above particulars from Captain Griffith, who dined on board his veſſel, but who has ſince gone from Cayenne to Barbados. The ſchooner Dart was commanded by James Haſlem when ſhe ſailed from Liverpool, but who died on the coaſt. The veſſel belonged to Tarlton and Blackhouſe, merchants in Liverpool.

A letter from Salem, dated September 11, mentions, that the ſchooner Amity, the property of Capt. James Duncanſon, which was lately ſeized and wreſted from him by the piratical crew (and the Captain, Mate and Boatſwain, as lately mentioned in this paper, turned adrift in an open boat, at the peril of their lives but were accidentally picked up and brought ſafe into this port) is taken and carried into Salem. Captain Ingerſoll, from this place for Salem, ſpoke her on the coaſt, and on his arrival gave information, when Mr. Elias Haſkit Derby, merchant, with ſundry other gentlemen, went in purſuit of ſaid ſchooner, fell in with her near the land, captured, and conducted her ſafe into port, and wrote Captain Duncanſon, informing him of the agreeable intelligence.

To the FREEMEN and ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE ſubſcriber returns thanks to his Friends for placing him upon the Return for the Coroner's Office at the laſt Election; and begs leave to aſſure them, that their Votes and Intereſt for the ſaid Office at the enſuing Election, will be gratefully acknowledged by their much obliged and humble Servant,

Philad. July 12, 1785. ¶ JOHN KNIGHT.

To the Free and Independent ELECTORS of MONTGOMERY County.

GENTLEMEN,

THE particular honour you have conferred on me, by placing me on the return for Sheriff at the late general Election, lays me under the ſincereſt obligations, and induces me to take the liberty to ſolicit the favour of your further ſuffrages and intereſt at the enſuing Election, by continuing me on the return with the preſent Sheriff; which favour will be acknowledged with gratitude by

GENTLEMEN,
Your moſt obedient humble Servant,
Douglaſs townſhip, Sept. 1. FRANCIS SWAIN.

A MILL and LAND to be diſpoſed of by way of public Sale, on the 20th day of October next, if not ſooner ſold by private Sale, being ſituate on the Head of the tide water of Cheſapeake Bay, known by the name of the Head of North Eaſt; the ſituation is pleaſant and healthy, and very centrical for trade both by land and water carriage, being practicable up to the mill, where wheat may be received and flour diſcharged (without any expence of land carriage) either to Baltimore Town, or elſewhere on ſaid water. It is alſo convenient to Philadelphia, being only 7 miles from the Head of Elk, and on the main Poſt and Stage road, leading from Philadelphia to Baltimore, &c. thereby affording one of the beſt ſtations for a Store and Tavern that might be found perhaps in the ſtate; the river abounds with fiſh, whereof thouſands have been caught at the tail of the mill, likewiſe fowl in great plenty in their ſeaſon; moſt part of the country adjacent to ſaid water produces wheat in abundance. The mill is in good order, being lately new geer'd and a new water wheel, two pair of ſtones, two good bolting cloths, and other neceſſary apparatus for manufacturing wheat, an eaſy ſupported ſtone dam, which commands the two main branches of North Eaſt; there is alſo on ſaid place, a commodious dwelling houſe divided into four rooms, with a fire place in each, a good kitchen, and a ſtore houſe all ready for buſineſs, a good bake-houſe and oven, ſtable and other out-houſes. The place affords various other improvements, and is only 3 miles diſtant from the aforeſaid county town, on ſaid water. An indiſputable title will be made to the purchaſer, and attendance given the day abovementioned, by

¶ JOHN OGLEVE,
Maryland, Cæcil County, EDWARD PARKER,
Auguſt 30, 1785. JAMES MORROW.

HORSES taken in, at the Livery Stables in Race-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets, where the greateſt care will be taken of them, at a reaſonable rate, by † NATHAN MARPEL.

Philadelphia, Sept. 12, 1785.

THE TRUSTEES of the General Loan-Office of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania inform the public, that their office will be opened on the 26th day of September inſtant, to let out, on mortgage only, the monies to be emitted on loan, agreeable to the late Loan-Office law.

JOHN ELLIOTT, jun.

In Front-ſtreet, between Cheſnut and Walnut-ſtreets, hath for SALE, a general Aſſortment of

DRUGS and MEDICINES,
PAINTERS COLOURS, OIL and BRUSHES,
WINDOW GLASS, SPECTACLES, &c.

And has lately imported, a large Quantity of

LOOKING GLASSES, in plain Mahogany Frames.

He alſo ſupplies People with new Glaſſes to their old Frames, and Quickſilvers old Glaſſes. †

WHEREAS Samuel Dean, Eſq; High Sheriff of the county of Bucks, and William Bennet, Eſq; Coroner of ſaid county, hath, in purſuance of warrants to them directed, made report to us, at Newtown, in ſaid county, that they had taken the bodies, ſeized and ſecured the eſtates real and perſonal, of John Tucker, Collector of the townſhip of Buckingham; James Armſtrong, Collector of Hilltown; John Bodine, and John Edgar, Collectors of Briſtol townſhip; Lawrence Johnſon, Collector of Benſalem; Robert Scott, Collector of Falls; John Keith and John Taylor, Collectors of Upper-Makefield; Michael Smith, Collector of Richland; Jacob Hartſell, Collector of Rockhill; Abner Palmer, Collector of Lower-Makefield; and the adminiſtrators of Philip Trumbower, deceaſed, late Collector of Millford townſhip, for the balances due on the ſeveral duplicates ſent them by the Board of Commiſſioners, who have not paid the amount thereof unto John Hart, Eſq; County-Treaſurer, agreeable to the ſeveral laws of this ſtate.

NOTICE is therefore given, that a general meeting of the Commiſſioners will be held at Newtown, on the ſixth day of October next enſuing, at ten o'clock, in the forenoon, when and where the ſaid John Tucker, James Armſtrong, John Bodine, John Edgar, Lawrence Johnſon, Robert Scott, John Keith, John Taylor, Michael Smith, Jacob Hartſell, Abner Palmer, and the adminiſtrators of Philip Trumbower, deceaſed, are requeſted to pay the balances of their reſpective duplicates; otherwiſe warrants will be iſſued to empower the Sheriff to proceed to the ſale of the ſaid Collectors goods and chattels, lands and tenements, or ſuch parts thereof as may be ſufficient to diſcharge the ſaid balances, with coſts, &c. agreeable to law, in this caſe made and provided.

§ JOHN CARR,
Bucks county, ALEXANDER HUGHES, } Commiſſrs.
Sept. 15, 1785. JOSEPH M'ILVAINE,

Philadelphia, Sept. 16, 1785.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 11th of June laſt paſt, a bound ſervant woman, named Maria Dorothy Ordeſſin, lately from Holland, about 40 years of age, and about 5 feet 1 or 2 inches high, thick ſet, pale faced, ſandy coloured hair, and hath a large wen under her throat; had on, when ſhe went away, a blue and white linen ſtriped ſhort gown, linſey ſtriped petticoat, check apron, a pair of good ſhoes and thread ſtockings, a callicoe cloak, lined with white flannel, and an oil cloth hat or bonnet.

And on the 8th inſtant, a bound ſervant girl, country born, named Margaret Repſher, about 12 years of age, and about 4 feet high, very ſlender made and very pale faced, having had the fever ſeveral days before ſhe abſconded, hath brown hair, ſpeaks Engliſh and German, is very talkative, and much addicted to lying; had on, when ſhe went away, a brown chintz ſhort gown, blue worſted petticoat with black ſpots, and a red and white ſilk handkerchief, but neither ſhoes nor ſtockings. Whoever apprehends ſaid ſervants, and brings them to their maſter, at the ſign of the Golden Swan, in Third-ſtreet, or ſecures them, ſo that their maſter may have them again, ſhall receive the above reward, or Three Pounds for the oldeſt, and Forty Shillings for the youngeſt, and all reaſonable expences, paid by

PAUL GASPARD BRETON.

WAS loſt on the firſt inſtant, and ſuppoſed to have been ſtolen by the ſaid Margaret Repſher, a gold ſingle caſed WATCH, made at Paris, the maker's name unknown, runs on a diamond, the hour and minute hands ſet with brilliants, the chryſtal wanting, with a ſteel chain and a gold ſeal, having three fleurs de lis engraved thereon. Whoever will bring ſaid watch to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have the above reward, paid by

PAUL GASPARD BRETON.

N. B. The watch-makers are requeſted to ſtop ſaid watch, in caſe it ſhall be offered for ſale or repair, in which caſe the above reward ſhall be paid.

JOHN BROOKS,

GLOVER and BREECHES MAKER,

RETURNS his moſt grateful thanks to the public in general, and his friends in particular, for the many favors conferred on him, hopes to merit a continuance of the ſame, having all neceſſaries of the firſt quality, and compleat hands in both branches, ſo as to be able to execute any orders that he may be favored with punctually, and in the compleateſt manner.

N. B. He has fur and all other kinds of gloves for ladies and gentlemen, together with buckſkin breeches of all qualities ready made, for wholeſale and retail, at his STORE, three doors above Third-ſtreet, in Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the lot where the Old Goal formerly ſtood. Sept. 19, 1785.

RAN AWAY on Sunday, the 18th of this month, from the ſubſcriber, living in Shippen ſtreet, an Iriſh ſervant LAD, named JAMES KARMAN, about 16 or 17 years of age, about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high; ſaid lad has a blue mark on the back of one of his hands, it is ſuppoſed to be done with powder, has ſhort black hair; he came to this country about a year ago, had on, when he went away, a long blue cloth coat, about half worn; he took with him a pair of jean breeches of a cloth colour, a white cotton jacket, an old felt hat that has been bound round, 2 white ſhirts half worn, and 1 pair of thread ſtockings. Whoever will take up ſaid ſervant, and bring him to his maſter, in Shippen-ſtreet, ſhall receive EIGHT SPANISH MILLED DOLLARS, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

Sept. 19, 1785. ¶ JAMES DUNCAN.

CAME to the Houſe of the ſubſcriber, at the Sign of the Darby Ram, in Church Alley, the 9th inſtant, a black ſtray HORSE and SADDLE, about 12 hands high, a ſmall blaze in his face, 2 white feet, a ſaddle marks, loſt his right eye, trots and canters, thought to be 20 years old. The owner is requeſted to call in two weeks from this date, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be ſold for the ſame, by † ABRAHAM SHERIDAN.

Philadelphia, September 20, 1785.

Tredyffrin, Cheſter county, Sept. 10, 1785.

To the FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by my friends, I purpoſe offering myſelf a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, at the expiration of the preſent Sheriff's time. Should I be ſo happy as to be favoured with your ſuffrages, and be placed on the return this year, the favor ſhall be acknowledged,

By your obedient humble ſervant,

§ JOHN DAVIS.

FOR SALE,

A VERY valuable PLANTATION, containing near 400 acres of Land, on which is a very ſpacious dwelling houſe, beautifully ſituate, a griſt and ſaw mill on a never failing ſtream. The whole diſtant about 40 miles from this city. Enquire of the PRINTERS. §

READY MONEY

And the higheſt price given for all kinds of *Public Securities*, for *Militia Claſs Pay*, and for *State Money*, at the

INTELLIGENCE-OFFICE;

Where *Final Settlements*, and all kinds of Paper that will pay for Land in Pennſylvania, are for Sale, by

FRANCIS WHITE.

PUBLIC SECURITIES bought, ſold, bartered or exchanged, on the loweſt terms. Sept. 5.

Doctor JERICHO,

BEGS leave to acquaint the public, that he intends to be at Philadelphia by the firſt of October, and to take lodgings at the Golden Swan, in Third-ſtreet, where he ſhall reſide until the 10th of November enſuing; after which he muſt embrace the earlieſt opportunity, at the requeſt of his friends, of ſailing for St. Domingo, where his arrival will be expected.---- As there are many perſons in Pennſylvania, at ſuch a diſtance from the city that they do not regularly receive the papers, and therefore may not have the neceſſary information, the Doctor would requeſt the very Rev. Clergy in the country, to mention the time of his arrival and departure to their reſpective congregations, that thoſe who are unhappily blind from the cataract, or are ſubject to other diſeaſes of the eyes, may apply in ſeaſon, if they wiſh his aſſiſtance. †

Doctor HILL's *American Balſam*,

IS ſold in Philadelphia, by Mr. William Poyntell, at his ſtore, three doors below Market-ſtreet, in Second-ſtreet, directly oppoſite the Friend's Meeting-houſe gate; alſo by Mr. George Reinholt, in Market-ſtreet, next door to the black Bear; by Mr. Steiner, at the German Printing Office, in Race-ſtreet; at Germantown, by Mr. Juſtus Fox; at Lancaſter, by Ludwick Louman, Eſq; at New-York, by Mr. Hugh Gaine; and by the ſubſcriber at her place in Blockley; price ſix ſhillings and ſixpence a bottle, and by the dozen ſix ſhillings a bottle.

This Balſam is now upwards of 20 years ſo well known in America, that it is a moſt effectual and infallible medicine for colds, coughs and aſthmas; it gives great relief in the moſt painful rheumatiſm, in cholics, gravel and conſumption; it is a moſt excellent cure in the whooping cough, and in moſt all the diſorders and ſickneſſes of children, and for many other diſeaſes, as may be ſeen in the printed directions in Engliſh and German on each bottle. In old diſeaſes of long ſtanding, it will be neceſſary to continue the uſe of this healing balſam for a reaſonable time, by more than one ſingle bottle, and then they may expect relief from this, as thouſands of people can teſtify who have tried other things without ſucceſs; there are indeed ſeveral balſams and preparations of medicine, which gives ſometimes preſent relief for a ſhort time in many diſorders, but ſoon after returns more furious than before, but this American balſam performed perfect and effectual cures; its fame is ſpread moſt every where, it is almoſt inconceivable to hear what ſurpriſing cures this balſam has performed with people who have tried and experienced its happy and wonderful effects: Each bottle is ſealed up with the repreſentation of a certain plant in a heart, and if any balſam under this name ſhould be ſold at any other place not mentioned in my advertiſements, the public may be aſſured it is not Dr. Hill's balſam, but counterfeit, becauſe no other perſon is able to prepare the genuine balſam, for want of the principal ingredients of which Dr. Hill's American balſam is compoſed.

Since the former proprietors are deceaſed, both William Young junior and ſenior, therefore the preſent is a ſiſter to William Young, jun. Botaniſt. ¶ CHRISTIANA LEECH.

Salem county, September 5, 1785.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber on the 23d day of January laſt, a Negro man, named CATO, though it is likely he will change it; he is about 30 years age, 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, and well ſhaped for a Negro. Had on, when he went away, a light coloured cloth coat, about halfworn, the fore parts of his waiſtcoat blue, and the backs white cloth, buckſkin breeches, grey yarn ſtockings, thick ſhoes, and a half worn felt hat. He was born in Guinea, but ſpeaks good Engliſh. He chops and ditches, and does all ſorts of work left-handed, has a tooth in the roof of his mouth, lover ſtrong liquor, and when intoxicated is apt to ſwear. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by THOMAS CARNEY.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels and perſons going to the back country are warned not to take him off, at their peril. †

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Lower Dublin townſhip, Philadelphia county, a ſmall dark bay STALLION, 6 or 7 years old, 14 hands high, light made, low in fleſh, no marks except a very ſmall ſtar, trots and canters, ſlack of courage, but carries well: The owner proving property and paying charges may have him again, by applying to

June 3, 1785. § JOHN HOLME.

Winchester, Auguſt 10, 1785.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber's plantation, about ſeven miles from the Borough of Wincheſter, on Monday, the 8th inſtant, a likely Negroe LAD, named NED; he is between 18 and 19 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, can read and write a little; walks as if he was lame, and turns out his toes remarkably; had on, when he went away, a white drilling coat, black breeches, a ruffled ſhirt, a grey great coat, and carried with him ſundry baggage, conſiſting of books, writing paper, old cloaths, &c. It is more than probable he may forge a paſs badly written. Whoever takes up the ſaid Negroe, and delivers him to the ſubſcriber in Wincheſter, ſhall receive Two Dollars, if taken within five miles of this or the place from whence he abſconded; if 20 miles, or out of the county, Four Dollars, and reaſonable charges; and if out of this ſtate, Fifteen Dollars, paid by

† JOSEPH HOLMES.

To the FREEMEN and ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

INFLUENCED by the ſentiments of ſome of my friends, I take the liberty to offer myſelf a candidate for the Sheriff's Office the approaching Election.

Should I be ſo happy as to be favoured with your ſuffrages, it ſhall be my conſtant care to act in ſuch a manner as will render me not unworthy of the ſame. With the greateſt reſpect and eſteem, I have the honour to be,

Your moſt obedient and very humble ſervant,

JOHN ALEXANDER.

June 27, 1785. 7/6 3 w. ctf.

To the Free and Independent ELECTORS of the City, Liberties and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE preſent Sheriff having advertiſed his intentions of reſigning his office; the honor you have conferred by placing me on the return the two laſt years, induces me to ſolicit your favors at the enſuing Election for the Sheriff's Office, which ſhall be gratefully acknowledged

By the Public's humble Servant,

Philad. June 9, 1785. JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT.

To the ELECTORS of the CITY and COUNTY of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

MY thanks are due to you for your votes and intereſt at the laſt general Election, for the Coroner's Office; a continuance of your favors at the enſuing Election will further oblige,

GENTLEMEN,

Your friend and humble ſervant,

¶ JOSEPH RUSH.

To the FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE ſubſcriber being encouraged by a number of his friends, purpoſes offering himſelf as a Candidate for the Coroner's Office at the enſuing Election, and requeſts your votes and intereſt for the ſame. Your friend and very humble ſervant,

June 30, 1785. ALEXANDER RUTHERFORD.

To the Free and Independent ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE ſubſcriber purpoſes offering himſelf as a Candidate for the Coroner's Office at the enſuing Election. Should he be favored with your votes and intereſt, it ſhall be gratefully acknowledged, by your friend and humble ſervant,

JOHN LEACOCK.

Intendant's Office, September 2, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons indebted to the State of Maryland, that do not pay the intereſt due upon their bonds by the laſt day of October, that execution ſhall iſſue, agreeably to the directions of the act for the emiſſion of bills of credit not exceeding Two Hundred Thouſand Pounds, on the ſecurity of double the value in lands, &c. by

DAN. of St. THOMAS JENIFER,

¶ 7 w. Intendant of the Revenue.

Bern Townſhip, Auguſt 23, 1785.

THE ſubſcriber, living in Bern townſhip, in the county of Berks, hereby gives public notice, that his wife ELIZABETH has eloped from his bed and board, and forewarns all perſons to give or to truſt her any thing on his account, as he will from this day forward not pay any debts &c. contracted by her. † JOHN EPLER.

Abington, September 1, 1785.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the 22d day of this inſtant September, at two o'clock in the afternoon, by the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes,

A VALUABLE Lot of LAND, containing 5 acres, ſituate in Jenkin's-town, Abington townſhip, Montgomery county, whereon is erected a ſtone houſe, 37 feet long and 18 wide, almoſt new, with a cellar under the ſame, and a well of good water near the door, a good ſtable, and a young orchard of grafted fruit; the whole is incloſed with good fence. Said premiſes are 10 miles from Philadelphia, and very pleaſantly ſituated on the old York road, and a road leading from thence to Frankford, and very ſuitable for a tradeſman or any public buſineſs; it would alſo ſuit a gentleman for a country ſeat, and is convenient to ſeveral places of worſhip and mills. The title is indiſputable. Attendance will be given, and the conditions made known at the time and place of ſale.

‡ JACOB HOLCOMBE.

Philadelphia, September 1, 1785.

FOR SALE,

FIFTEEN LOTS of 25 acres each, all good woodland, one ditto 34 acres, one ditto of 91 acres, 66 acres of which is good woodland, and 7 lots of 10 acres each, part cleared and part woodland, all in Hilltown townſhip, Bucks county, now in the tenure of William M'Elroy, near Colonel Robeſon's tavern. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may ſee the drafts of the lots, and be informed of the ſituation, &c. by calling on either Sheriff Dean, Colonel Robeſon, Henry Wiſmer or Abraham Hunſbery, near the premiſes, and know the price and terms of payment, by applying to ABEL JAMES and JOHN THOMPSON, merchants, in Philadelphia, who will make a good title to the purchaſers.

The public ſituation of this land makes ſeveral of the ſmall lots very ſuitable for tradeſmen. tbctf.

Philadelphia, July 30, 1785.

THREE DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, a Boy, named EPHRAIM CROW, about 18 years of age, born at Cape-May. Whoever takes up the ſaid boy, and brings him to me, or puts him in goal, or the work-houſe at Philadelphia, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

JEREMIAH HOLDEN.

N. B. All perſons are hereby forewarned from harbouring him; likewiſe, any perſon that will diſcover the man and boat that carried him down to Cape-May, ſhall have FIFTEEN SHILLINGS reward. ‖

Falls townſhip, Bucks county, Auguſt 20, 1785.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WHEREAS, by an advertiſement of June 17, 1785, I have informed the public that my Land was taken in execution and ſold by the Sheriff of Bucks county, to Samuel Smith, junior, and that the ſale thereof was not valid, forewarning all perſons thereby from taking a conveyance of ſaid Land from ſaid Samuel Smith, junior. This is to inform the public, that the matter in diſpute reſpecting the ſale of ſaid Land is now amicably ſettled; which information I now give, in order that the ſaid Samuel Smith, junior, may not be deemed culpable in the eyes of an impartial public. † GEORGE MERRICK.

JOHN WOOD,

CLOCK AND WATCH-MAKER,

In Front-ſtreet, at the corner of Cheſnut-ſtreet, has for Sale, WATCHES, clocks, clock-movements, finiſhed faces, bells, hands, catgut, ſlit pinions, clock and watch turn benches, bench vizes, ſpring ſaw frames, hand and tail vizes, pliers, cutting nippers, ſliding tongs, tweeſers, ſcrew keys, caſe ſtakes and hammers, Turkey oil ſtones, ſcrew dividers, blow pipes, callipers, ſcrew drivers, watch bruſhes, ſilver-ſmiths hand ſheers, watch main ſprings, fuſee chains, glaſſes, gold, gilt and ſteel watch hands, gold ſilver and gilt pendants, ditto caſe buttons, caſe ſprings, pinion wire, click ditto, gilding ſcratch bruſhes, adjuſting tools, ſpring blues, enamelled dial plates, ſteel balances, endleſs ſcrews, verges, pinions, motion work, broaches, gravers, hammers, pendulum wire, magnifying glaſſes, clock and watch files, watch keys, gilt and ſteel chains, ſilk ſtrings, &c. &c. †

STOLEN out of the paſture of William Forwood, in Brandywine Hondred, New-Caſtle County, State of Delaware, on the 26th inſtant, a bright bay MARE, 3 years old paſt, full 14 hands high, a natural trotter, a few white hairs in her forehead, branded W. on her near ſhoulder, ſhod before. Whoever ſecures the mare and thief, ſo that the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS Reward, and only THREE DOLLARS for the mare, and reaſonable charges, paid by

Auguſt 29, 1785. ¶ WILLIAM FORWOOD.

Bridge-town, Auguſt 23, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of DANIEL SHAW and JOHN GURREN, inſolvent debtors, now confined in the goal of Cumberland, and State of New-Jerſey, to appear before two or more of the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, at the Court-houſe in Bridge-town, in the county aforeſaid, on Thurſday, the 29th day of September next, at 3 o'clock, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of ſaid debtors eſtates ſhould not be made, and they diſcharged from their confinement, purſuant to an act of General Aſſembly, in ſuch caſe made and provided.

¶ DANIEL SHAW, JOHN GURREN.

Elliſton and John Perot,

Have for SALE, at their STORE in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

MUSCOVADO Sugar,	Iriſh Linens,
Rum,	Nankeens,
Gin,	Calimancoes,
Iriſh Beef,	Durants,
Hyſon Tea,	Blankets and Rugs,
Engliſh Sail Canvas,	Broad Cloths,
Ruſſia ditto,	China, Glaſs, and Queens Ware,
Ravens Duck,	Cutlery, and Hard Ware,
Oznaburgs,	Nails, &c. &c.
Sadlery,	

*** To be LETT for a term of ſeven years, or on ſhares, all that farm (with Stock, &c.) known by the name of Rocky Point, ſituated on the River Delaware, 18 miles from Philadelphia, formerly the property of Mr. Thomas Clifford. For particulars apply to Elliſton and John Perot, in Philadelphia, or to William Dobel, on ſaid farm. §

LANDS FOR SALE,

Elk Ridge, Anne Arundle county, ſtate of Maryland, October 10, 1785. Will be offered at PUBLIC SALE, at Mr. Patrick Baxter's Tavern, on the premiſes,

SIX HUNDRED and ONE ACRES of LAND, part of a tract called Frieburn's Progreſs; 90 acres of as good meadow ground as any in the ſtate, 50 in mowable timothy and good order, a TAVERN which now rents for 30 l. per annum, ſituate at the Croſs Roads, one leading from Frederick-town to Elk Ridge Landing and Annapolis; the other from Montgomery to Ellicott's Lower Mills and Baltimore town. There is at ſaid Tavern, two dwelling-houſes, a kitchen, ſtable, and an excellent well of water near the door, being part of the above tract; containing 174 acres. There is on the above tract, two compleat FARMS, with dwelling-houſes, kitchens, barns and other neceſſary houſes. This land lies about 2 miles from Ellicott's Lower Mills, 13 from Baltimore town, and 9 from Elk Ridge Landing. An indiſputable title will be given, and a plot thereof may be ſeen, by applying to the ſubſcribers, living on the premiſes, and the terms made known on the day of ſale, by

Auguſt 2, 1785. † 6 w. HENRY OWING,
NATHANIEL OWING.

CAME to the houſe of the ſubſcriber, in Eaſt Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, on the 28th of June laſt, a dark brown MARE, with long mane and tail, ſomewhat high backed, a natural trotter, branded on the near ſhoulder with the letter R, and on the buttock C, ſuppoſed to be about 9 years old, about 13 hands high, and a few grey hairs in her forehead. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. Auguſt 31, 1785. ‡ JOHN HUGHES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a COURT of GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS of the PEACE, will be held at NORRIS TOWN, on TUESDAY, the 27th day of SEPTEMBER next, at 10 o'clock in the Forenoon, for the COUNTY of MONTGOMERY. Of which all Conſtables, and perſons bound by recognizance to appear thereat, are to take Notice and give their attendance accordingly. All Public Houſe-keepers within the county aforeſaid, are notified to apply to this Court, for recommendations for Licences, for the enſuing Year. ¶ ZEBULON POTTS, Sheriff.

Juſt imported in the Brigantine Commerce, Capt. James Darrell, from London, and now opening for SALE, by

JOHN SHIELDS,

In Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the City Tavern,

SIX, 7, 8, 9 and 10-qr. roſe blankets; ſtriped duffils or Indian blanketing; ſpotted ſwanſkins; white, red and yellow flannels; 6 and 7-qr. red, crimſon, green and blue baizes; red, green and blue naps and duffils; drabs, plains and kerſeys; 5 and 6-qr. ſcarlet, drab, light and dark blue, brown, claret, garnet, ſage, purple and pea green, coarſe cloths; beſt London 7-qr. ſuperfine of ſame colours; beſt 7-qr. double milled drab cloth; 7-qr. light lead cloths, ſuitable for womens cloaks, and chair linings; childrens ſpotted worſted hoſe; boys plain and ribbed ditto; girls plain and clocked ditto; womens clocked with crimſon, white and ſcarlet; mens ſilk and worſted, ſilk and raw ſilk ribbed, mottled or plain; gauze hoſe and ſocks, ſuitable for wearing under ſilk ſtockings; beſt ſuperfine black ſilk hoſe; corduroys and pluſhes; moreens, tammies, durants, callimancoes; carpeting; faſhionable plated and gilt buttons; an aſſortment of boys, girls and mens white and black hats; ladies chip and girls Leghorn hats; buckrams, ſewing ſilk, ſcarf twiſt; bindings and nonſopretties; powder and ſhot, bar lead, &c. &c. With a large aſſortment of blue, brown and mixed COATINGS.

N. B. Several bales of woollens and trunks of hoſiery, aſſorted, to be ſold at a low advance for caſh.

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